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09/723,676	11/28/2000	Andrew A. Welcher	MBHB00-1214	6009	
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MCDONNE	LL BOEHNEN HULBE	EXAMINER			
300 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE SUITE 3200			MERTZ, PREMA MARIA		
CHICAGO, IL 60606			ART UNIT 2	PAPER NUMBER	
	<u> </u>		1646		
	, ;	DATE MAILED: 07/16/2002 6			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.





Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/723,676

Applicant(s)

Welcher et al.

Examiner

Prema Mertz

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
	or Reply			_			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.							
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the							
mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.							
- Failure to repty within the set or extended period for repty will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Amy repty received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status	patent term adjustment. See 37 Crit 1.704(b).						
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Apr 29, 20				·		
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) X This action	on is ı	non-final.				
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposi	tion of Claims						
4) 🗶	Claim(s) 1-54				is/are pending in the application.		
4	a) Of the above, claim(s) 9, 12-41, and 47-54				is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
5) 🗆	Claim(s)		***		is/are allowed.		
6) 💢	Claim(s) 1-8, 10, 11, and 42-46				is/are rejected.		
7) 🗆	Claim(s)				is/are objected to.		
8) 🗆	Claims		are	subject	to restriction and/or election requirement.		
Applica	tion Papers						
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)□							
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on		is:	a) 🗌 a	approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.		
•	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)							
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) 🗌 All b) 🔲 Some* c) 🔲 None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).							
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.							
15) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)							
	otice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)				nt Application (PTO-152)		
_	formation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)5	_	Other:		••		

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restriction

1. Applicant's election of Group I (claims 1-8, 10-11, 42-46) in Paper No. 7 (4/29/02) is

acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors

in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP.

§ 818.03(a)).

Claims 9, 12-41, 47-54 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR

1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention.

Specification

2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative

of the invention to which the claims are directed i.e. a more specific title that would identify the

nucleic acid by the protein it encodes. It is suggested that the titled be amended to read

approximately as follows: "nucleic acid encoding an interleukin-1 receptor antagonist-related

protein".

3. The Information Disclosure Statement filed in Paper No. 6 (3/26/97), fails to comply with the

provisions of MPEP. § 609 because an improper form PTO-1449 or equivalent was submitted or

placed in the application file. Rule 37 CFR 1.98 specifies the contents of the Information Disclosure

Statement, which includes a list of all patents, publications or other information submitted for

consideration by the Office, a legible copy of each publication or that portion which cause it to be

listed, and all other information or that portion which cause it to be listed. 37 CFR 1.98(b) requires

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that each publication must be identified by author (if any), title, relevant pages of the publication, date and place of publication. The place of publication refers to name of the journal, magazine or other publication in which the information being submitted was published. To comply with this requirement, the list may not be incorporated into the specification but must be submitted in a separate paper. A separate list is required so that it is easy to confirm that applicants intend to submit an information disclosure statement and because it provides a readily available checklist for the Examiner to indicate which identified documents have been considered. Use of form PTO-1449, Information Disclosure Citation, is encouraged. Applicant is advised that the date of any re-submission of an item of information contained in a information disclosure statement or the submission of any missing element(s) is the date of submission for purposes of determining compliance with the requirements based on the time of filing the statement, including all certification requirements. See MPEP. § 609 C(1-2).

In this case, for the EMBL database submissions on the IDS, Applicants have failed to recite, name of the author and the date of publication. The Examiner has included the date of publication and the name of the author on the form PTO-1449 with the document made of record.

Claim rejections-35 USC § 101, 112, first paragraph

Claims 1-8, 10-11, 42-46 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is not 4. supported by either an asserted utility or a well established utility.

The instant application has provided a description of an isolated DNA encoding a protein and the protein encoded thereby. The instant application does not disclose the biological role of this

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protein or its significance. Applicant is directed to the Utility Examination Guidelines, Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 4, pages 1092-1099, Friday January 5, 2001.

It is clear from the instant specification that the nucleic acid encoding the polypeptide has been isolated because of its similarity to known proteins. However, it is commonly known in the art that sequence-to-function methods of assigning protein function are prone to errors (Doerks et al. 1998). These errors can be due to sequence similarity of the query region to a region of the alleged similar protein that is not the active site, as well as homologs that did not have the same catalytic activity because active site residues of the characterized family were not conserved (Doerks et al. page 248, column 3, fourth and fifth paragraphs). Inaccurate use of sequence-to-function methods have led to significant function-annotation errors in the sequence databases (Doerks et al. page 250, column 1, third paragraph). Furthermore, Brenner (1999, Trends in Genetics 15:132-133) argues that accurate inference of function from homology must be a difficult problem since, assuming there are only about 1000 major gene superfamilies in nature, then most homologs must have different molecular and cellular functions. Finally, Bork et al. (1996, Trends in Genetics 12:425-427) add that the software robots that assign functions to new proteins often assign a function to a whole new protein based on structural similarity of a small domain of the new protein to a small domain of a known protein. Such questionable interpretations are written into the sequence database and are then considered facts. After complete characterization, this protein may be found to have a patentable utility. This further characterization, however, is part of the act of invention and until it has been undertaken Applicant's claimed invention is incomplete. The instant situation is directly analogous to that which was Art Unit: 1646

addressed in *Brenner v. Manson*, 148 USPQ 689 (Sup. Ct., 1966), in which a novel compound which was structurally analogous to other compounds which were known to possess anticancer activity was alleged to be potentially useful as an antitumor agent in the absence of evidence supporting this utility. The court expressed the opinion that all chemical compounds are "useful" to the chemical arts when this term is given its broadest interpretation. However, the court held that this broad interpretation was not the intended definition of "useful" as it appears in 35 USC § 101, which requires that an invention must have either an immediately obvious or fully disclosed "real world" utility. The court held that:

"The basic quid pro quo contemplated by the Constitution and the Congress for granting a patent monopoly is the benefit derived by the public from an invention with substantial utility", "[u]nless and until a process is refined and developed to this point-where specific benefit exists in currently available form-there is insufficient justification for permitting an applicant to engross what may prove to be a broad field", and "a patent is not a hunting license", "[i]t is not a reward for the search, but compensation for its successful conclusion."

The instant claims are drawn to a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide which has an as yet undetermined function or biological significance. Until some actual and specific significance can be attributed to the protein identified in the specification as being expressed in human thymus and spleen, the instant invention is incomplete. The polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acids of the instant invention is known to be structurally analogous to proteins which are known in the art as inhibitors to the cytokine interleukin-1. In the absence of knowledge of the biological significance of this protein, there is no immediately obvious <u>patentable</u> use for it. To employ a protein of the instant invention in the identification of substances which inhibit its activity (page 7, lines 11-17) or in the

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identification of receptors thereof (page 8, lines 5-10) is clearly to use it as the object of further research which has been determined by the courts to be a non-patentable utility.

Furthermore, on page 12, lines 17-21, the specification states that the term "biologically active IL-1ra-L polypeptide" refers to at least one activity characteristic of the polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, however, there is no description of what this activity might be. On page 105, Example 5, of the specification, describes a hypothetical example of the expression of the IL-1ra-L polypeptide in transgenic mice and on page 107, Example 6, of the specification, immunohistochemistry of various tissue sections of the transgenic mice is described, without providing any indication whatsoever of the biological activity of the protein encoded by the claimed nucleic acid. Since the instant specification does not disclose a "real world" use for the nucleic acid encoding the IL-1ra-L polypeptide, then the claimed invention is incomplete and, therefore, does not meet the requirements of 35 USC § 101 as being useful.

Claims 1-8, 10-11, 42-46 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph. Specifically, since the claimed invention is not supported by either a specific and substantial asserted utility or a well established utility for the reasons set forth above, one skilled in the art clearly would not know how to use the claimed invention.

Claim rejections-35 USC § 112, first paragraph

5a. Claims 1-2, 4-8, 10-11, 42-46, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one

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skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

The deposit of biological material is considered by the Examiner to be necessary for the enablement of the current invention because the claims require availability of the deposit (see Claims 1-2). Elements required for practicing a claimed invention must be known and readily available to the public or obtainable by a repeatable method set forth in the specification. When biological material is required to practice an invention, and if it is not so obtainable or available, the enablement requirements of 35 USC §112, first paragraph, may be satisfied by a deposit of the material. See 37 C.F.R. 1.802. The specification does not provide a repeatable method for obtaining ATCC Deposit No. PTA-1215 and it does not appear to be a readily available material. The ATCC deposit in full compliance with 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.803-1.809 would satisfy the requirements of 35 USC §112, first paragraph.

If a deposit is made under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, then an affidavit or declaration by Applicants or someone associated with the patent owner who is in a position to make such assurances, or a statement by an attorney of record over his or her signature, stating that the deposit has been made under the terms of the Budapest Treaty <u>and</u> that all restrictions imposed by the depositor on the availability to the public of the deposited material will be irrevocably removed upon the granting of a patent, would satisfy the deposit requirements. See 37 C.F.R. 1.808.

If a deposit is not made under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, then an affidavit or Declaration by Applicants or someone associated with the patent owner who is in a position to make such assurances, or a statement by an attorney of record over his or her signature, stating that the deposit has been made at an acceptable depository and that the following criteria have been met:

- (a) during the pendency of the application, access to the deposit will be afforded to one determined by the Commissioner to be entitled thereto;
- (b) all restrictions imposed by the depositor on the availability to the public of the deposited material will be irrevocably removed upon the granting of a patent;

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(c) the deposit will be maintained for a term of at least thirty (30) years and at least five (5) years after the most recent request for the furnishing of a sample of the deposited material;(d) a viability statement in accordance with the provisions of 37 C.F.R 1.807; and (e) the deposit will be replaced should it become necessary due to inviability, contamination or loss of capability to function in the manner described in the specification.

In addition the identifying information set forth in 37 C.F.R 1.809(d) should be added to the specification. See 37 C.F.R 1.803-1.809 for additional explanation of these requirements.

Claims 4-8, 10-11, 42-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, insofar as they depend on claims 1-2 for the ATCC number.

4b. Claims 2, 3-8, 10-11 and 42-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Applicant is directed to the Guidelines for the Examination of Patent Applications Under the 35 U.S.C. 112, ¶ 1 "Written Description" Requirement, Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 4, pages 1099-1111, Friday January 5, 2001.

Claims 2 and 3 are genus claims. Claim 2, sub-part (a) recites a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide "at least about 70% identical to the polypeptide as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2", which encompasses nucleic acid variants of the DNA encoding the polypeptide as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2. The term variant means a nucleic acid molecule encoding a protein having one or more amino acid substitutions, deletions, insertions and/or additions made to the DNA molecule which encodes the amino acid sequence set forth in claim 2(a). Claim 2, sub-part (b) recites "an allelic variant or splice variant of the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1". Claim 3(a)-3(e) recites nucleic acid molecules encoding various variants of the polypeptide set forth in SEQ ID NO:2.

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The specification and claims do not indicate what distinguishing attributes shared by the members of the genus. The specification and claim do not place any limit on the number of amino acid substitutions, deletions, insertions and/or additions that may be made to the nucleic acid molecule because claim 3 recites "at least one insertion, deletion or substitution" or a combination thereof (claim 3(e)). Thus, the scope of the claims includes numerous structural variants, and the genus is highly variant because a significant number of structural differences between genus members is permitted. Although the specification states that these types of changes are routinely done in the art (page 20), the specification and claims do not provide any guidance as to what changes should be made. Structural features that could distinguish compounds in the genus from others in the protein class are missing from the disclosure. No common structural attributes identify the members of the genus. The general knowledge and level of skill in the art do not supplement the omitted description because specific, not general, guidance is what is needed. Since the disclosure fails to describe the common attributes or characteristics that identify members of the genus, and because the genus is highly variant, a nucleic acid encoding a protein set forth in claims 2-3 alone is insufficient to describe the genus. One of skill in the art would reasonably conclude that the disclosure fails to provide a representative number of species to describe the genus. Thus, Applicants were not in possession of the claimed genus of nucleic acid molecules.

Claims 4-8, 10-11 and 42-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, insofar as they depend on claims 2-3 for their limitations.

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4c. Claims 2-8, 10-11, 42-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide set forth in SEQ ID NO:2, does not reasonably provide enablement for a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide which is "at least about 70% identical to the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:2" of claim 2(a) or a nucleic acid molecule encoding substitution, insertion or deletion mutants of the polypeptide set forth in SEQ ID NO:2 as recited in claim 3 (a)-(e). The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Claim 2, sub-part (a), recites "at least about 70% identical" which encompasses nucleic acid variants of the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1, which claims are overly broad, since no guidance is provided as to which of the myriad of nucleic acid molecules encoding polypeptide species encompassed by the claims will retain the characteristics of a polypeptide set forth in SEQ ID NO:2. Variants of the nucleic acid molecule encoding the IL-1ra-L polypeptide can be generated by conservative or nonconservative changes, allelic, splice species or polymorphic variants. However, Applicants have failed to disclose any actual or prophetic examples on expected performance parameters of any of the possible nucleic acid molecules encoding muteins of the IL-1ra-L polypeptide. Moreover, it is known in the art that even single amino acid changes or differences in the amino acid sequence of a protein can have dramatic effects on the protein's function. For example, Mikayama et al. (1993) teaches that the human glycosylation-inhibiting factor (GIF) protein differs from human migration inhibitory factor (MIF) by a single amino acid residue (page 10056,

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Figure 1). Yet, despite the fact that these proteins are 90% identical at the amino acid level, GIF is unable to carry out the function of MIF, and MIF does not exhibit GIF bioactivity (page 10059, second column, third paragraph). It is also known in the art that a single amino acid change in a protein's sequence can drastically affect the structure of the protein and the architecture of an entire cell. Voet et al. (1990) teaches that a single Glu to Val substitution in the beta subunit of hemoglobin causes the hemoglobin molecules to associate with one another in such a manner that, in homozygous individuals, erythrocytes are altered from their normal discoid shape and assume the sickle shape characteristic of sickle-cell anemia, causing hemolytic anemia and blood flow blockages (pages 126-128, section 6-3A and page 230, column 2, first paragraph).

There is no guidance provided in the specification as to how one of ordinary skill in the art would generate a nucleic acid sequence encoding a the IL-1ra-L polypeptide other than the one exemplified in the specification. See In re Wands, 858 F.2d at 737, 8 USPQ2d at 1404. The test of enablement is not whether any experimentation is necessary, but whether, if experimentation is necessary, it is undue. The factors to be considered when determining whether there is sufficient evidence to support a determination that a disclosure does not satisfy the enablement requirement and whether any necessary experimentation is "undue" include, but are not limited to: (1) the breadth of the claims; (2) the nature of the invention; (3) the state of the prior art; (4) the level of one of ordinary skill; (5) the level of predictability in the art; (6) the amount of direction provided by the inventor; (7) the existence of working examples; and (8) the quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure. Given the breadth of claim 2, sub-part (a), claim

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3, sub-parts (a)-(e), in light of the predictability of the art as determined by the number of working examples, the level of skill of the artisan, and the guidance provided in the instant specification and the prior art of record, it would require undue experimentation for one of ordinary skill in the art to

Claims 4-8, 10-11, 42-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, insofar as they depends on claims 2-3 for their limitations.

Claim rejections-35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph

make and use the claimed invention.

7. Claims 1-8, 10-11, 42-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1-3 recite "hybridizes under moderately or highly stringent conditions", which are relative and conditional terms and renders the claims indefinite. Furthermore, some nucleic acids which might hybridize under conditions of specific moderate stringency, for example, would fail to hybridize at all under conditions of high stringency as recited by Applicants on page 17. The metes and bounds of the claims thus cannot be ascertained.

Claim 2 is vague in the recitation of the limitation "about 70% identical" to the polypeptide as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2. Even though the use of the term "about" in a claim is inherently vague and indefinite, its use is appropriate when employed to limit a value which is composed of indefinitely divisible units such as inches, meters, grams, and pints, where it is impractical to produce an item which has exactly the dimension recited. Even if one could practically produce an item which is

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exactly 1 inch in length, the length of that item is conditional upon the temperature at which it is measured. However, when defining an invention in terms of indivisible numerical units such as the percent identity in the number of amino acids in a polypeptide or the number of legs on a chair or table, the term "about" is unacceptably vague and indefinite since it is practical to employ a term which possesses the required precision. If, for example, it is Applicant's intention that the claims should encompass a polynucleotide which is at least 70% identical to the polypeptide set forth in SEQ ID NO:2 (claim 2, sub-part (a)), then this is exactly what the claim should recite. One would not know if the term "about 70% identical" would include or exclude "50% identical" "60% identical" or even "80% identical."

Claim 2 (a), (c) and claim 3(a)-(e) recite "polypeptide has an activity of the polypeptide..." which is vague and indefinite because the activity of the polypeptide is unclear.

Claim 10 recites "other than the promoter DNA for the native IL-1ra-L polypeptide" which is vague and indefinite because it is unclear which promoter DNA is being excluded and which is being included in the claim.

Claim 46 is indefinite in the recitation of the term "fragments thereof". This language is vague and indefinite since it encompasses potentially any portion of the heterologous polypeptide including a single amino acid. There is no guidance provided as to what specific sequences the term "fragment" refers to. Therefore, the metes and bounds of the claim are unclear.

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Claims 45-46 are dependent on non-elected claims 13, 14, 15. It is suggested that these claims be amended to be dependent on the elected nucleic acid claims, since the nucleic acid is utilized in production of the fusion proteins.

Claims 4-8, 11, 42-44 are rejected as vague and indefinite insofar as they are dependant on claims 1-2 for their limitations.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:
- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 8a. Claims 1-8, 10-11, 42-46, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by WO 9937662 (1999).

WO 9937662 discloses a cDNA encoding a SPOIL protein, said cDNA comprising the nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 1 (also see abstract). A copy of the comparison of SEQ ID NO:1 claimed in the instant invention and the cDNA disclosed in the reference is enclosed at the end of this action (SEQUENCE COMPARISON A). The reference also discloses that the cDNA encoding the protein was cloned into an expression vector, pcDNA/Amp vector, which contains a promoter operably linked to the cDNA insert encoding the SPOIL protein, as shown by the ability of the vector to be expressing a protein (pages 92-93). Host cells were transformed with the cDNA

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in the vector (page 92, last paragraph). Fusion proteins comprising the SPOIL proteins were also constructed using the cDNA (page 52). The BLASTX computer program was used in determining the percent identity (page 87, lines 22-27). The nucleotide sequence was cloned into a retroviral vector MSCVneo (page 22, last 5 lines; pages 93-94). The cDNA of the reference would be capable of hybridizing under medium stringency conditions, to the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:1 described in the instant application. Furthermore, a nucleic acid fragment encoding a single amino acid of the reference would meet the limitations of a nucleic acid encoding a fragment of the polypeptide which has an activity of the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:2, as recited in claim 2(c), since no activity has been recited in the claim. Furthermore, in the absence of an upper limit to the number of substitutions, deletions or insertions, the nucleic acid molecule disclosed in the reference meets the limitations of claim 3. Therefore, the cDNA sequence disclosed in the reference meets the limitations of the claimed nucleic acid.

8b. Claims 1-8, 10-11, 42-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by EP 0 855 404 A1 (1998).

EP 0 855 404 discloses a cDNA encoding a IL-1ra beta protein, said cDNA comprising the nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 1 (also see abstract). A copy of the comparison of SEQ ID NO:1 claimed in the instant invention and the cDNA disclosed in the reference is enclosed at the end of this action (SEQUENCE COMPARISON B). The reference also discloses that the cDNA encoding the protein was cloned into an expression vector, which contains a promoter operably linked to the cDNA insert encoding the protein, as shown by the ability of the vector to be expressing a

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protein (pages 7-8). Host cells were transformed with the cDNA in the vector (page 7-8, last paragraph). Fusion polypeptides comprising the protein of the reference were also constructed (page 7, lines 1-8). The BLASTX, BLASTN computer programs were used in determining the percent identity (page 4, lines 34-50). The nucleotide sequence was cloned into a viral vectors (page 7, lines 52-57). The cDNA of the reference would be capable of hybridizing under medium stringency conditions, to the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:1 described in the instant application. Furthermore, a nucleic acid fragment encoding a single amino acid of the reference would meet the limitations of a nucleic acid encoding a fragment of the polypeptide which has an activity of the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:2, as recited in claim 2(c), since no activity has been recited in the claim. Furthermore, in the absence of an upper limit to the number of substitutions, deletions or insertions, the nucleic acid molecule disclosed in the reference meets the limitations of claim 3. Therefore, the cDNA sequence disclosed in the reference meets the limitations of the claimed nucleic acid.

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8c. Claims 1-8, 10, 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,075,222 (1991).

U.S. Patent No. 5,075,222 discloses a cDNA encoding a IL-1ra protein, said cDNA comprising the nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 15 (also see abstract). The reference also discloses that the cDNA encoding the protein was cloned into an expression vector, lambda GT10, which contains a promoter operably linked to the cDNA insert encoding the protein, as shown by the ability of the vector to be expressing a protein (column 27-28). Host cells were transformed with the cDNA in the vector (columns 16-17). The cDNA of the reference would be capable of

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hybridizing under medium stringency conditions, to the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:1 described in the instant application. Furthermore, a nucleic acid fragment encoding a single amino acid of the reference would meet the limitations of a nucleic acid encoding a fragment of the polypeptide which has an activity of the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:2, as recited in claim 2(c), since no activity has been

recited in the claim. Furthermore, in the absence of an upper limit to the number of substitutions,

deletions or insertions, the nucleic acid molecule disclosed in the reference meets the limitations of

claim 3. Therefore, the cDNA sequence disclosed in the reference meets the limitations of the claimed

nucleic acid.

Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

Advisory Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Prema Mertz whose telephone number is (703) 308-4229. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00AM to 4:30PM (Eastern time).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yvonne Eyler, can be reached on (703) 308-6564.

Official papers filed by fax should be directed to (703) 308-4227. Faxed draft or informal communications with the examiner should be directed to (703) 308-0294.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Prema Mertz Ph.D. Primary Examiner

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June 21, 2002

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SEPUENCE COMPARISON A AAX86458 standard; DNA; 1291 BP. RESULT 14 AAX86458

AAX86458;

30-SEP-1999 (first entry)

cDNA encoding a human SPOIL-I protein (also known as hTANGO 080-I).

SPOIL-I; interleukin-1 receptor antagonist; IL-1ra; modulating agent; bone metabolism disorder; proinflammatory disorder; immune disorder; inflammatory disease; septic shock; stroke; diabetes; arthritis; intercolitis; pneumonitis; epithelial cell; skin disease; proliferative disorder; skin cancer; melanoma; Raposi's sarcoma; epithelial cancer; squamous cell carcinoma; bone resorption disorder; osteogenosis; paget's disease; osteoarthritis; degenerative arthritis; osteogenesis imperfecta; fibrous displasia; hypophosphatasia; bone ascoma; myeloma bone disorder; osteodytic bone lesion; hypercalcemia; bone mass; bone fragility; bone pain; bone deformity; oone fracture; hTANGO 80-1; ss

Homo sapiens

Location/Qualifiers /product= SPOIL-1 124..633 /*tag=

W09937662-A1

99WO-US01575 26-JAN-1999; (MILL-) MILLENNIUM BIOTHERAPEUTICS INC

98US-0013810

27-JAN-1998;

Busfield SJ;

WPI; 1999-458675/38. P-PSDB; AAY24043.

New isolated SPOIL proteins, used to develop products for treating. e.g. inflammatory and immune disorders

Example 1; Fig 4A-B; 126pp; English.

The present sequence encodes a SPOIL-I protein. The SPOIL proteins have homology to interleukin-1 (IL-1) receptor antagonist (IL-1ra) molecules. The SPOIL proteins are used as modulating agents in regulating a variety of cellular processes. The products can be used for treating disorders characterized by aberrant SPOIL and/or IL-1 expression, e.g. a bone metabolism disorder, a proinflammatory disorder or an immune disorder.

Purpoy can be used to treatury e.y. intramments.

Intercolitis and pneumonitis, epithelial cell and/or skin diseases and distorders, e.g. proliferative disorders (e.g. skin cancers e.g. melanoma and Kaposi's sarcoma and other epithelial cancers including squamous cell carcinoma, oesophageal cancer and cancer of the mouth and/or throat); and bone-related and/or bone resorption disorders e.g. osteoporosis, paget's flores, osteoarthritis, degenerative arthritis, osteoporosis, paget's flores, osteolytic bone lesions) and hypercalcemia. Spoil molecules and SPOIL modulators are useful for regulation of bone mass (e.g. increase in decrease bone fragility); and prevention and/or treatment of bone pain, bone deformities and/or inhibit bone loss), management of bone fragility (e.g. decrease bone fragility); and prevention and/or treatment of bone pain, bone deformities and/or hone pain, bone deformities and so be used for can be used for treating e.g. inflammatory diseases and disorders 338 ctattogtgattctogacagatggtgtgggtcctgagtggaaattctttaatagcagctc 397 200 ctattaatgatttgaatcagcaagtgtggaccettcagggtcagaacettgtgggagttc 259 260 cacgaagtgacagtgtgaccccagtcactgttgctgttatcacatgcaagtatccagagg 319 439 398 ctcttagccgcagcattaagcctgtcactcttcatttaatagcctgtagagacacagaat 457 acctgtatgtggagaagaaagcacagaagccctttctctttttccacaataaagaaggct 637 638 ccacttotgtotttoagtoagtotottaccotggotggttoatagcoacctccaccacat 697 Gaps 458 tcagtgacaaggaaaagggtaatatggtttacctgggaatcaagggaaaagatctctgtc tcttctgtgcagaaattcagggcaagcctactttgcagcttaaggaaaaaatatcatgg tgtattgtgagaaggttggagaacagcccacattgcagctaaaagagcagaagatcatgg Score 126.4; DB 20; Length 1291; Pred. No. 9.4e-28; 0; Mismatches 191; Indels 3; Sequence 1291 BP; 375 A; 271 C; 291 G; 354 T; 0 other; detection, diagnosis and screening assays. 10.2%; 56.7%; Best Local Similarity 56.7 Matches 254; Conservative Query Match 518 They 380 578 임 g å dd ò à d ò

SPOIL-II; interleukin-1 receptor antagonist; IL-Ira; modulating agent; bone metabolism disorder; proinflammatory disorder; immune disorder; inflammatory disease; septic shock; stroke; diabetes; arthritis; intercolitis; pneumonitis; epithelial cell; skin disease; proliferative disorder; skin cancer; melanoma; Kaposi's sarcoma; epithelial cancer; squamous cell carcinoma; bone resorption disorder; osteoporosis; Paget's disease; osteoarthritis; degenerative arthritis; cDNA encoding a human SPOIL-II protein (also known as hTANGO 080-II), tagattctgtggaataaatccagcctag 785 617 taaatataaatgactgaactcagcctag AAX86459 standard; DNA; 1377 BP 30-SEP-1999 (first entry) RESULT 15 758 AAX86459 ò

caggacageceatetteteaecaaggagagagaggeataaetaataaeaetaaettetaet 757

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The present sequence encodes human Interleukin-1 receptor antagonist beta (IL-ra-beta). IL-1 alpha and IL-1 beta play key roles in inflammatory responses, and are produced as zymogens which are cleaved upon secretion to yield mature carboxyl terminal 17 kD fragments. IL-1ra-beta polypeptides and polynucleotides are useful in treatment of chronic and acute inflammation, septicaemia, cancer, anaemia, arthritis, stroke, cardiac ischaemia, acute repiratory disease syndrome (ARDS), psoriasis, restenosis, traumatic brain injury, acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) and cachexia. These conditions (or susceptibility to them) may be diagnosed by detecting mutations in the IL-1ra-beta coding sequence analysing a sample for presence or amount
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Interleukin-1 receptor antagonist beta; IL-1ra-beta; IL-1 alpha; IL-1 beta; inflammatory response; treatment; inflammation; septicaemia; cancer; anaemia; arthritis; inflammatory bowel disease; graft vs. host rejection; autoimmunity; stroke; cardiac ischaemia; acute respiratory disease syndrome; psoriasis; restenosis;
757
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 cDNA encoding Interleukin-1 receptor antagonist beta (IL-1ra-beta)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         New nucleic acid encoding human interleukin-1 receptor antagonist beta polypeptides - and related expression systems, transformed cells, proteins, antibodies, agonists and antagonists, useful for treatment, prevention and diagnosis of inflammation, septicaemia,
                                                   caggacagcccatcttctcaccaaggagagaggcataactaataacactaacttctact
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  traumatic brain injury; acquired immune deficiency syndrome;
                                                                                                                                                                                      SEQUENCE COMPARISON
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/product= IL-1ra-beta
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                AAV42659 standard; cDNA; 1183 BP
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chronic inflammation; acute inflammation; arthritis; autoimmulity; inflammatory bowel disease; graft vs. host disease; stroke; psoriasis; cardiac ischaemia; acute respiratory disease syndrome; ARDS; restenosis; traumatic brain injury; AIDS; cachexia; allergy; parasite infection; allergic rhinitis; allergic asthma; atopic dermatitis; gene therapy; allergic inflammatory disease; delayed hypersensitivity; vaccine; ss.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Human; interleukin-1 receptor antagonist beta; IL-1RA beta; septicemia;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             638 ccacttctgtctttcagtcagtctttaccctggctggttcatagccacctccaccacat 697
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       271 ctcttgagcaaggcagaggggatcccatttatttgggaatccagaatccagaaatgtgtt 330
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        acctgtatgtggagaagaagcacagaagccctttctctttttccacaataaagaaggct 637
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                                                                                                                       338 ctattogtgattotogacagatggtgtggggtoctgagtggaaattotttaatagcagoto 397
                                                                                                                                                     151 ctattaatgatttgaatcagcaagtgtggacccttcagggtcagaaccttgtgggcagttc 210
                                                                                                                                                                                    398 ctcttagccgcagcattaagcctgtcactcttcatttaatagcctgtagagacacagaat 457
                                                                                          Gaps
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                                                         Length 1183;
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                                                                                          Indels
           Sequence 1183 BP; 329 A; 249 C; 269 G; 336 T; 0 other;
                                                           DB 19;
                                                         10.2%; Score 126.4; DB 19; 56.7%; Pred. No. 8.9e-28; iive 0; Mismatches 191;
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                                                                                          254; Conservative
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Marshall L, Young PR;